No.



200300281

# THE UNITED SHATES OF AMERICA

TO ALL TO WHOM THESE PRESENTS SHALL COME:

Board of Regents, University of Aebraska

There has been presented to the

### Secretary of Agriculture

AN APPLICATION REQUESTING A CERTIFICATE OF PROTECTION FOR AN ALLEGED DISTINCT VARIETY OF SEXUALLY REPRODUCED, OR TUBER PROPAGATED PLANT, THE NAME AND DESCRIPTION OF WHICH ARE CONTAINED IN THE APPLICATION AND EXHIBITS, A COPY OF WHICH IS HEREUNTO ANNEXED AND MADE A PART HEREOF, AND THE VARIOUS REQUIREMENTS OF LAW IN SUCH CASES MADE AND PROVIDED HAVE BEEN COMPLIED WITH, AND THE TITLE THERETO IS, FROM THE RECORDS OF THE PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION OFFICE, IN THE APPLICANT(S) INDICATED IN THE SAID COPY, AND WHEREAS, UPON DUE EXAMINATION MADE, THE SAID APPLICANT(S) IS (ARE) ADJUDGED TO BE ENTITLED TO A CERTIFICATE OF PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION UNDER THE LAW.

NOW, THEREFORE, THIS CERTIFICATE OF PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION IS TO GRANT UNTO THE SAID APPLICANT(S) AND THE SUCCESSORS, HEIRS OR ASSIGNS OF THE SAID APPLICANT(S) FOR THE TERM OF TWENTY YEARS FROM THE DATE OF THIS GRANT, SUBJECT TO THE PAYMENT OF THE REQUIRED FEES AND PERIODIC REPLENISHMENT OF VIABLE BASIC SEED OF THE VARIETY IN A PUBLIC REPOSITORY AS PROVIDED BY LAW, THE RIGHT TO EXCLUDE OTHERS FROM SELLING THE VARIETY, OR OFFERING IT FOR SALE, OR REPRODUCING IT, OR IMPORTING IT, OR EXPORTING IT, R CONDITIONING IT FOR PROPAGATION, OR STOCKING IT FOR ANY OF THE ABOVE PURPOSE, OR CONDITIONING IT PROPAGATION, OR STOCKING IT FOR ANY OF THE ABOVE PURPOSE, OR USING IT IN PRODUCING A HYBRID OR ENT VARIETY THEREFROM, TO THE EXTENT PROVIDED BY THE PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION ACT. IN ED STATES SEED OF THIS VARIETY (I) SHALL BE SOLD BY VARIETY NAME ONLY AS A CLASS OF CERTIFIED A SHALL CONFORM TO THE NUMBER OF GENERATIONS SPECIFIED BY THE OWNER OF THE RIGHTS. (84 STAT. 1542)

WHEAT. COMMON

'Goodstreak'

In Testimony Aberrest, I have hereunto set my hund and caused the seal of the Plant Bariety Protection Office to be affixed at the City of Washington, D.C. this twenty-eighth day of January, in the year two thousand and four.

Attost:

De m Jahre

Plant Variety Protection Office

vena Dericulture U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AGRICULTURAL MARKETING SERVICE

CAPACITY OR TITLE

Dean, As Research Owision | 4/26/03

The following statements are made in accordance with the Privacy Act of 1974 (5 U.S.C. 552a) and the Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA) of 1995.

AGRICULTURAL MARKETING SERVICE SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY - PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION OFFICE Application is required in order to determine if a plant variety protection certificate is to be issued (7 U.S.C. 2421). Information is held confidential until certificate is issued (7 U.S.C. 2425). PPLICATION FOR PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION CERTIFICATE structions and information collection burden statement on reverse) 2. TEMPORARY DESIGNATION OR EXPERIMENTAL NAME 3. VARIETY NAME NAME OF OWNER Board of Regents, University of Nebraska NE97465 Goodstreak FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY 5. TELEPHONE (include area code) ADDRESS (Street and No., or R.F.D. No., City, State, and ZIP Code, and Country) 402-472-7211 Lincoln, NE 68583-0745 200300281 6. FAX (include area code) FILING DATE 402-472-7904 8. IF INCORPORATED, GIVE STATE OF INCORPORATION IF THE OWNER NAMED IS NOT A "PERSON", GIVE FORM OF ORGANIZATION (corporation, partnership, association, etc.) 9. DATE OF INCORPORATION July 8, 2003 February 15, 1869 Nebraska Corporation FILING AND EXAMINATION NAME AND ADDRESS OF OWNER REPRESENTATIVE(S) TO SERVE IN THIS APPLICATION. (First person listed will receive all papers) Q 2705.00 Dr. Darrell W. Nelson, Dean and Director 947.00 Agricultural Research Division, IANR-UNL @ MAY 21, 2003 Lincoln, NE 68583-0704 DATE JULy 22 2005 , 432.00 14. CROP KIND (Common Name) 13 E-MAIL 12. FAX (include area code) TELEPHONE (Include area code) 402-472-9071 Bread Wheat 402-472-2045 DNELSONL@unl.edu 19. DOES THE OWNER SPECIFY THAT SEED OF THIS VARIETY BE SOLD AS A CLASS OF 5. CHECK APPROPRIATE BOX FOR EACH ATTACHMENT SUBMITTED (Follow instructions on See Section 83(a) of the Plant Variety Protection Act) CERTIFIED SEED? reverse) . NO (If "no," go to item 22) YES (If "yes", answer items 20 and 21 below) Exhibit A. Origin and Breeding History of the Variety 20. DOES THE OWNER SPECIFY THAT SEED OF THIS VARIETY BE LIMITED AS TO NUMBER OF CLASSES? Exhibit B. Statement of Distinctness X YES □ NO Exhibit C. Objective Description of Variety IF YES, WHICH CLASSES? TOUNDATION REGISTERED CERTIFIED Exhibit D. Additional Description of the Variety (Optional) Exhibit E. Statement of the Basis of the Owner's Ownership 団 21. DOES THE OWNER SPECIFY THAT THE CLASSES BE ☑ Voucher Sample (2,500 viable untreated seeds or, for tuber propagated varieties, NO LIMITED AS TO NUMBER OF GENERATIONS? verification that tissue culture will be depositied and maintained in an approved public repository) IF YES, SPECIFY THE Filing and Examination Fee (\$2,705), made payable to "Treasurer of the United States" (Mail to the Plant Variety Protection Office) REGISTERED CERTIFIED **FOUNDATION**  $\square$ NUMBER 1, 2, 3, etc. (If additional explanation is necessary, please use the space indicated on the reverse.) 23. IS THE VARIETY OR ANY COMPONENT OF THE VARIETY PROTECTED BY INTELLECTUAL HAS THE VARIETY (INCLUDING ANY HARVESTED MATERIAL) OR A HYBRID PRODUCED FROM THIS VARIETY BEEN SOLD, DISPOSED OF, TRANSFERRED, OR USED IN THE U. S. OR PROPERTY RIGHT (PLANT BREEDER'S RIGHT OR PATENT)? OTHER COUNTRIES? IF YES, GIVE COUNTRY, DATE OF FILING OR ISSUANCE AND ASSIGNED REFERENCE NUMBER. (Please use space indicated on reverse.) YES IF YES, YOU MUST PROVIDE THE DATE OF FIRST SALE, DISPOSITION, TRANSFER, OR USE FOR EACH COUNTRY AND THE CIRCUMSTANCES. (Please use space indicated on reverse.) 24. The owners declare that a viable sample of basic seed of the variety will be furnished with application and will be replenished upon request in accordance with such regulations as may be applicable, or for a tuber propagated variety a tissue culture will be deposited in a public repository and maintained for the curation of the certificate. The undersigned owner(s) is(are) the owner of this sexually reproduced or tuber propagated plant variety, and believe(s) that the variety is new, distinct, uniform, and stable as required in Section 42, and is entitled to protection under the provisions of Section 42 of the Plant Variety Protection Act. Owner(s) is(are) informed that false representation herein can jeopardize protection and result in penalties. SIGNATURE OF OWNER SIGNATURE OF OWNER NAME (Please print or type) NAME (Please print or type) Darrell W. Nelson DATE

CAPACITY OR TITLE

SENERAL: To be effectively filed with the Plant Variety Protection Office (PVPO), ALL of the following items must be received in the PVPOs (1) Completed application form signed by the owner; (2) completed exhibits A, B, C, E; (3) for a seed reproduced variety at least 2,500 gially in the sense for the plant of the p

USDA-AMS Plant Variety Protection Office Telephone: (301) 504-5518 FAX: (301) 504-5291

Homepage: http://www.ams.usda.gov/science/pvp.htm

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18a. Give:

ITEM

- (1) the genealogy, including public and commercial varieties, lines, or clones used, and the breeding method;
- (2) the details of subsequent stages of selection and multiplication;
- (3) evidence of uniformity and stability; and
- (4) the type and frequency of variants during reproduction and multiplication and state how these variants may be identified
- 18b. Give a summary of the variety's distinctness. Clearly state how this application variety may be distinguished from all other varieties in the same crop. If the new variety is most similar to one variety or a group of related varieties;
  - (1) identify these varieties and state all differences objectively;
  - (2) attach statistical data for characters expressed numerically and demonstrate that these are clear differences; and
  - (3) submit, if helpful, seed and plant specimens or photographs (prints) of seed and plant comparisons which clearly indicate distinctness.
- 18c. Exhibit C forms are available from the PVPO Office for most crops; specify crop kind. Fill in Exhibit C (Objective Description of Variety) form as completely as possible to describe your variety.
- 18d. Optional additional characteristics and/or photographs. Describe any additional characteristics that cannot be accurately conveyed in Exhibit C. Use comparative varieties as is necessary to reveal more accurately the characteristics that are difficult to describe, such as plant habit, plant color, disease resistance, etc.'
- 18e. Section 52(5) of the Act requires applicants to furnish a statement of the basis of the applicant's ownership. An Exhibit E form is available from the PVPO.
- 19. If "Yes" is specified (seed of this variety be sold by variety name only, as a class of certified seed), the applicant MAY NOT reverse this affirmative decision after the variety has been sold and so labeled, the decision published, or the certificate issued. However, if "No" has been specified, the applicant may change the choice. (See Regulations and Rules of Practice, Section 97.103).
- 21. See Section 83 of the Act for the Contents and Term of Plant Variety Protection.
- 22. See Sections 41, 42, and 43 of the Act and Section 97.5 of the regulations for eligibility requirements.
- 23. See Section 5.5 of the Act for instructions on claiming the benefit of an earlier filing date.
- 21. CONTINUED FROM FRONT (Please provide a statement as to the limitation and sequence of generations that may be certified.)
- 22. CONTINUED FROM FRONT (Please provide the date of first sale, disposition, transfer, or use for each country and the circumstances, if the variety (including any harvested material) or a hybrid produced from this variety has been sold, disposed of, transferred, or used in the U.S. or other countries.)

September 2003 - First sale of certified seed

September 2002 - First allocation of foundation seed of unrelated cultivar with intent to

increase for public sale

23. CONTINUED FROM FRONT (Please give the country, date of filing or issuance, and assigned reference number, if the variety or any component of the variety is protected by intellectual property right (Plant Breeder's Right or Patent).)

NOTES: It is the responsibility of the applicant/owner to keep the PVPO informed of any changes of address or change of ownership or assignment or owner's representative during the life of the application/certificate. There is no charge for filing a change of address. The fee for filing a change of ownership or assignment or any modification of owner's name is specified in Section 97.175 of the regulations. (See Section 101 of the Act, and Sections 97.130, 97.131, 97.175(h) of the Regulations and Rules of Practice.)

To avoid conflict with other variety names in use, the applicant must check the variety names proposed by contacting: Seed Branch, AMS, USDA, Room 213, Building 306, Beltsville Agricultural Research Center-East, Beltsville, MD 20705. Telephone: (301) 504-8089.

According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, an agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. The valid OMB control number for this collection of information is (0581-0055). The time required to complete this information collection is estimated to average 1.4 hours per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information.

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S&T-470 (2-99) designed by the Plant Variety Protection Office with WordPerfect 6.0a. Replaces STD-470 (6-98) which is obsolete.

## Goodstreak (PI 632434) Hard Red Winter Wheat Application

## Exhibit A. Origin and Breeding History

Goodstreak was selected from the cross 'SD3055/KS88H164//NE89646 that was made in 1991. The pedigree of SD3055 is ND604/SD2971, where ND604 is 'Len'//'Butte'/ND526 and SD2971 is 'Agent'/3/'ND441'// 'Waldron'/'Bluebird'/4/Butte/5/Len. The pedigree of KS88H164 is 'Dular'/'Eagle'//2\*'Cheney'/'Larned' /3/'TAM107'. The pedigree of NE89646 is 'Colt' \*2/'Patrizanka'. The F<sub>1</sub> to F<sub>3</sub> generations were advanced using the bulk breeding method. Goodstreak is an F3-derived line that was selected in the F4 generation. The F1 generation was grown in the greenhouse in 1991-92. The F2 and F3 generations were grown in bulk at the Agricultural Research and Development Center at Ithaca, Nebraska in 1993 and 1994, respectively. Random heads were chosen from the F3 bulk and planted as head rows which were harvested in 1995. The F<sub>3</sub>-derived F5 family was harvested as a single observation plot in 1996. Goodstreak was identified as NE97465 and was grown at six unreplicated locations in 1997. It has been tested in replicated trials at six to seven locations per year from 1998 to present. In addition, Goodstreak was tested as NE97465 in Nebraska yield nurseries starting in 2001 and in the Southern Regional Performance Nursery in 2000 and 2001, and in Nebraska cultivar performance trials in 2001 and 2002. The criteria for selection were: a) adequate winterhardiness for propagation in Nebraska, b) resistance to Puccinia graminis (the causal agent of stem rust), c) agronomic performance equal to or superior to commonly grown wheat varieties, and d) acceptable end-use quality (in this case for bread making). Goodstreak was released primarily for its superior adaptation to rainfed wheat production systems in western Nebraska and Eastern Wyoming where conventional height wheat cultivars with long coleoptiles are needed for good emergence and harvest in low moisture conditions. Goodstreak was named and officially released in January, 2003 by the Nebraska Agricultural Experiment Station, the Wyoming Agricultural Experiment Station, and the Agricultural Research Service, U.S. Department of Agriculture. The first public sale of Certified seed will be in September, 2003.

Goodstreak will be maintained by the Nebraska Agricultural Experiment Station with the following classes: Breeder, Foundation, Registered, and Certified. By agreement with the Nebraska Crop Improvement Certification standards, Registered seed is nonsalable. Breeder seed will be maintained by roguing Breeder Seed fields. The Wyoming Agricultural Experiment Station and the U.S. Department of Agriculture will not have seed for distribution.

Goodstreak has been uniform and stable since 2000. Less than 0.5 % of the plants were rogued from the Breeder's seed increase in 2000. The rogued variant plants were taller in height (7 - 15 cm) or were awnless with red chaff. Up to 1% (10:1000) variant plants may be encountered in subsequent generations.

## Exhibit B. Novelty Statement

To our knowledge, Goodstreak most nearly resembles in appearance the hard red winter wheat cultivar, Buckskin, but can be distinguished by the following characteristics:

1. Buckskin carries a defeated stem rust resistance gene (Sr17) and is no longer resistant to

- the common races of stem rust. Goodstreak carries stem rust resistance gene Sr6 (and most likely Sr24; data provided by Dr. Don McVey, USDA-ARS, Cereal Disease Laboratory) and is resistant to the common races of stem rust.
- 2. Buckskin was named because at maturity its straw and awns are similar to a "buckskin" horse, specifically, the straw is tan and the awns can turn dark to near black. At maturity, Goodstreak is a bright straw and chaff cultivar, specifically, cream colored straw and cream colored awns.
- 3. The glume shoulder of Buckskin is oblique, whereas the glume shoulder of Buckskin is elevated to square.

### Exhibit C. See Attached Sheet.

### Exhibit D. Additional Description of the Variety.

Goodstreak is an awned, white-glumed cultivar. Its field appearance is most similar to Buckskin. After heading, the canopy is moderately closed and upright. The flag leaf is erect and twisted at the boot stage. The foliage is light green to yellow green with a light waxy bloom at anthesis. The leaves are glaborous. The spike is tapering in shape, narrow, and midlong. The glume is glabrous, midlong and narrow, and the glume shoulder is midwide to wide and oblique. The beak is medium in length with an acuminate tip. The spike is usually inclined to nodding at maturity. Kernels are red colored, hard textured, short to midlong, and elliptical in shape. The kernel has no collar, a large brush of medium length, rounded cheeks, large germ, and a narrow and shallow crease.

The average Nebraska rainfed yield of Goodstreak of 3280 kg ha<sup>-1</sup> (28 environments) was less than the grain yields of 'Millennium' (3440 kg ha<sup>-1</sup>), 'Wahoo' (3430 kg ha<sup>-1</sup>) and 'Alliance' (3380 kg ha<sup>-1</sup>), but greater than 'Culver' (3230 kg ha<sup>-1</sup>), 'Wesley' (3160 kg ha<sup>-1</sup>), and Arapahoe (3180 kg ha<sup>-1</sup>). In western NE and WY (12 environments), Goodstreak (2690 kg ha<sup>-1</sup>) was similar in yield to Pronghorn (2710 kg ha<sup>-1</sup>) and superior to Buckskin (2500 kg ha<sup>-1</sup>). Goodstreak, Pronghorn, and Buckskin are conventional height wheat cultivars. In the Southern Regional Performance Nursery, Goodstreak ranked 38<sup>th</sup> of 45 entries in 2000 (32 environments) and 15<sup>th</sup> of 43 entries in 2001 (32 environments) and averaged 40 kg ha<sup>-1</sup> less grain yield than TAM 107. Goodstreak has not performed well under irrigation and is not recommended for use in irrigated productions systems.

Goodstreak is medium in maturity (142 d after Jan.1, data from observations in NE), about 1 d earlier flowering than Buckskin and 1.5 d later flowering than Pronghorn. Goodstreak has a long coleoptile (62 mm), as expected for a conventional height wheat cultivar, and is similar in length to Pronghorn (64 mm) and slightly shorter than Buckskin (70 mm), but longer than semi-dwarf wheat cultivars such as Arapahoe (45 mm), and Millennium (44 mm). The mature plant height of Goodstreak (94 cm) is 7 cm taller than Millennium and 21 cm taller than Wesley. Goodstreak has good straw strength (9% lodged), which is better than Arapahoe (25% lodged), but lower than Wesley (2% lodged). The winter hardiness of Goodstreak is good to very good, and comparable to other winter wheat cultivars adapted and commonly grown in Nebraska.

Goodstreak is moderately resistant to stem rust (caused by *Puccinia graminis Pers.: Pers. f.* sp. tritici Eriks & E. Henn; most likely containing Sr6 and an unknown gene; data provided by D.

McVey at the USDA Cereal Disease Laboratory), and Hessian fly (Mayetiola destructor Say, superior to Arapahoe, data provided by J. Hatchett and Ming-Shun Chen, USDA and Kansas State University). Goodstreak is susceptible to leaf rust (caused by P. triticina Eriks.; may contain an unknown gene; data provided by D. McVey at the USDA Cereal Disease Laboratory), wheat soilborne mosaic virus, wheat streak mosaic virus, and barley yellow dwarf virus (data obtained from the Uniform Winter Wheat Southern Regional Performance Nursery, 2000-2001 and field observations in NE).

Goodstreak has good grain volume weight (76.7 kg hl<sup>-1</sup>), which is similar to Pronghorn and Millennium, and is superior to Arapahoe (75.0 kg hl<sup>-1</sup>) and Wesley (74.8 kg hl<sup>-1</sup>). The milling and baking properties of Goodstreak were determined for five years by the Nebraska Wheat Quality Laboratory. In these tests, Arapahoe was used as a check cultivar. The average protein content of the grain and flour of Goodstreak (137 and 118 g kg<sup>-1</sup>) was lower than Arapahoe (143 and 131 g kg<sup>-1</sup>). In the low rainfed environments of western NE and WY the average grain protein content of Goodstreak (135 g kg<sup>-1</sup>) was higher than Pronghorn (130 g kg<sup>-1</sup>) and Buckskin (130 g kg<sup>-1</sup>). The average flour extraction on the Buhler Laboratory Mill for Goodstreak (708 g kg<sup>-1</sup>) was similar to Arapahoe (712 g kg<sup>-1</sup>). The flour ash content (43 g kg<sup>-1</sup>) was similar to Arapahoe (43 g kg<sup>-1</sup>). Dough mixing properties of Goodstreak are acceptable, but weaker than Arapahoe. Average baking absorption was slightly better than Arapahoe. The average loaf volume of Goodstreak (912 cm<sup>3</sup>) was less than Arapahoe (937 cm<sup>3</sup>). The scores for the internal crumb grain and texture were good, which was similar to Arapahoe. The overall end-use quality characteristics for Goodstreak should be acceptable to the milling and baking industries.

In positioning Goodstreak, it has performed extremely well throughout most of Nebraska but is best adapted to low rainfed wheat production systems where conventional height wheat cultivars are grown. Goodstreak should be a good replacement for Buckskin in Nebraska and Wyoming. Both are conventional height cultivars, but Goodstreak has a higher yield potential, similar straw strength, and superior disease and insect resistances. Goodstreak is genetically complementary to '2137', Alliance, Buckskin, Culver, 'Jagger', Millennium, 'Niobrara', Pronghorn, 'Vista', and 'Windstar'.

## Exhibit E. Statement of the Basis of the Applicant's Ownership

The University of Nebraska is the applicant for protection in the case of Goodstreak hard red winter wheat being the variety for which Plant Variety Protection is hereby sought was developed by Drs. P.S. Baenziger and B. Beecher, employees of the University of Nebraska and C. J. Peterson and R. A. Graybosch, employees of the USDA-ARS. By agreement between employees of the University of Nebraska and by agreement between USDA-ARS and the University of Nebraska, all rights to any variety made by employees while employed by the University of Nebraska or by the USDA-ARS employees stationed at the University of Nebraska are assigned to the University of Nebraska, with no rights of any kind to Goodstreak being retained by the employees. Goodstreak was co-released by the Wyoming Agricultural Experiment Station on the basis of its performance in Wyoming, but no ownership rights are given to the as part of the co-release procedure to employees of or to the Wyoming Agricultural Experiment Station.

PEPRODUCE LOCALLY. Include form number and date on all reproductions.

Form Approved - OMB No. 0581-0055

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To file a complaint of discrimination, write USDA, Director, Office of Civil Rights, Room 326-W. Whitten Building, 14th and Independence Avenue, SW, Washington, DC 20250-9410 or call (202) 720-5964 (voice and TDD), USDA is an equal opportunity provider and employer.

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AGRICULTURAL MARKETING SERVICE SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION OFFICE BELTSVILLE, MD 20705 EXHIBIT C (Wheat)

## OBJECTIVE DESCRIPTION OF VARIETY WHEAT (Triticum spp.)

NAME OF APPLICANT(S) Board of Regents, University of Nebraska			FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY		
		PVPO NUMBER			
ADDRESS (Street and No. or RD No., City, State, and 2			200300281		
Lincoln, NE	68583-0745		VARIETY NAME		
		<b>%</b>	Goodstreak		
			TEMPORARY OR EXPERIMENTAL DESIGNATION NE97465		
lace a zero in the first box (e.g. 0 19 19 19 19 19 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	should be determined from varieties entered in	or 9 or less respectively. Da the same trial. Royal Hortic	naracter of this variety in the boxes below.  ta for quantitative plant characters should be based on a cultural Society or any recognized color standard may be		
. KIND:					
1=Comm	non 2=Durum	3=Club	4=Other (SPECIFY):		
VERNALIZATION:	**************************************	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
2 1=Spring	g 2=Winter	3=Other (SF	PECIFY):		
COLEOPTILE ANTHOCYAN	NIN:				
1=Absen	t 2=Present				
JUVENILE PLANT GROWTI	<b>1</b> :				
1=Prostr	ate 2=Semi-erect	3=Erect			
PLANT COLOR (boot stage):					
1 = Yellov	w-Green 2 = Green	3 = Blue-Gre	en		
FLAG LEAF (boot stage):			, www.		
$\boxed{1}$ I = Erect	2 = Recurved	2	I = Not Twisted 2 = Twisted		
EAR EMERGENCE:					
0 1 Number o	f Days Earlier Than_Buckskin	·	*		
<del></del>	f Days Later Than <u>Pronghor</u> i	_	*		

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1 = Yellow

2 = Purple

9. PLANT HEIGHT (from soil to top of head, excluding awns):

0 7

cm Taller Than Millennium

0 5

cm Shorter Than Buckskin

\* Relative to a PVPO-Approved Commercial Variety Grown in the Same Trial

10. STEM:

A. ANTHOCYANIN

1 l= Absent

2=Present

D. INTERNODE (SPECIFY NUMBER)

1 1= Hollow

2=Semi-solid

3=Solid

B. WAXY BLOOM

2 1

1=Absent

2=Present

E. PEDUNCLE

1=Absent

cm Length

2=Present

C. HAIRINESS (last internode of rachis)

2

1=Absent

2=Present

11. HEAD (at Maturity):

A. DENSITY

2

1=Lax 3= Dense 2=Middense

\_

1 = Erect

2 = Inclined

3 = Recurved

B. SHAPE

1 = Tapering

ıg

3 = Clavate

2= Strap 4 = Other (SPECIFY): D. AWNEDNESS

C. CURVATURE

4

1 = Awnless 3 = Awnletted 2 = Apically Awnletted

4 = Awned

12. GLUMES (at Maturity):

A. COLOR

1 = White

2 = Tan

3 = Other (SPECIFY) : \_

C. BEAK

3

1 = Obtuse

2 = Acute

3 =Acuminate

B. SHOULDER

1 = Wanting

2 = Oblique

3 = Rounded 5 = Elevated 4 = Square 6 = Apiculate 2

D. LENGTH

1 = Short

2 = Medium

(ca. 7mm)

(ca. 8mm)

3 = Long (ca. 9mm)

12.	CLUMES	(at Maturity)	Continued
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1 = Narrow (ca. 3mm)2 = Medium (ca. 3.5mm)3 = Wide (ca. 4mm)

### 13. SEED:

### A. SHAPE

C. BRUSH

1 = Ovate

2 = Oval

3 = Elliptical

1=Short

2=Medium

3=Long

1 = Not Collared

2 = Collared

### B. CHEEK

1=Rounded 2=Angular D. CREASE

1 = Width 60% or less of Kernel

2 = Width 80% or less of Kernel

3 = Width Nearly as Wide as Kernel

1 = Depth 20% or less of Kernel

2 = Depth 35% or less of Kernel

3 = Depth 50% or less of Kernel

G. PHENOL REACTION (see instructions):

### E. Color

1=White 2= Amber 4= OTHER (Specify)

3= Red

1 = Ivory

2 = Fawn

3 = Light Brown

4 = Dark Brown

5 = Black

#### F. TEXTURE

1=Hard 1

2=Soft

### 14. DISEASE:

(0=Not Tested;

1=Susceptible;

2=Resistant;

3=Intermediate;

4=Tolerant)

### PLEASE INDICATE THE SPECIFIC RACE OR STRAIN TESTED

Stem Rust (Puccinia graminis f. sp. tritici) 2

(Field Races).

Leaf Rust (Puccinia recondita f. sp. tritici) 1

Stripe Rust (Puccinia striiformis)

0

Loose Smut (Ustilago tritici)

Tan Spot (Pyrenophora tritici-repentis)

(Field Races)

0

Flag Smut (Urocystis agropyri)

Halo Spot (Selenophoma donacis)

0

Common Bunt (Tilletia tritici or T. laevis)

Septoria nodorum (Glume Blotch)

0

Dwarf Bunt (Tilletia controversa)

Septoria avenae (Speckled Leaf Disease)

0

Karnal Bunt (Tilletia indica)

Septoria tritici (Speckled Leaf Blotch)

Powdery Mildew (Erysiphe graminis f. sp. tritici)

Scab (Fusarium spp.) (Field Races)

"Snow Molds"

14.	Disease (Continued)	(0=Not Tested; 1=Sus	ceptible; 2=	Resistant;	3=Intermediate;	4=Tolerant)	m O)
		PLEASE INDICAT	E THE SPECI	FIC RACE (	OR STRAIN TESTE	D <b>ZUU</b> JU	V & (
	O "Black Point"	(Kernel Smudge)	0	Common I <i>Bipolaris</i> s	Root Rot <i>(Fusarium</i> , pp.)	Cochliobolus and	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Barley Yellow (Field Race	Dwarf Virus (BYDV)	0	Rhizoctoni	a Root Rot (Rhizoci	onia solani)	
	Soilborne Mos	aic Virus (SBMV)	0	Black Cha	ff (Xanthomonas ca	npestris pv. translu	cens)
	O Wheat Yellow	(Spindle Streak) Mosaic Vir	us 0	Bacterial L syringae)	eaf Blight (Pseudor	nonas syringae pv.	
	Wheat Streak I (field Race	Mosaic Virus (WSMV)		Other (SP	ECIFY)		
	Other (SPECI	FY)		Other (SP	ECIFY)		
	Other (SPECI	FY)		Other (SP)	ECIFY)		
	Other (SPECII	<b>7Y</b> )		Other (SP)	ECIFY)		
5. IN	SECT: (0=Not Test	ed; 1=Susceptible; 2=F	Resistant; 3=	=Intermedia	te; 4=Tolerant)		
		PLEASE SPECIF	Y BIOTYPE (	where neede	d)		
	Hessian Fly (Ma) (Great Plai	ayetiola destructor) ns Race)		Other (SPI	ECIFY)		·.
	O Stem Sawfly (C	ephus spp.)		Other (SPI	ECIFY)		
	O Cereal Leaf Bee	tle (Oulema melanopa)		Other (SPI	CCIFY)		
	1 Russian Aphid	(Diuraphis noxia		Other (SPI	CCIFY)		•
	Greenbug (Schir	caphis graminum)		Other (SPE	CIFY)		
	O Aphids			Other (SPE	CIFY)		

- 2. If the rights to the variety are owned by the company which employed the original breeder(s), the company must be U.S. based, owned by nationals of a UPOV member country, or owned by nationals of a country which affords similar protection to nationals of the U.S. for the same genus and species.
- 3. If the applicant is an owner who is not the original owner, both the original owner and the applicant must meet one of the above criteria.

The original breeder/owner may be the individual or company who directed final breeding. See Section 41(a)(2) of the Plant Variety Protection Act for definition.

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